Rotary Measuring Technology Incremental shaft encoder

MICRONOR automation components

High temperature Type ESI 58T



- High temperature version, up to 110 °C (higher temperatures on request). Application e.g. drive technology.
- Many variations, also customized versions
- Temperature and ageing compensation
- Short-circuit proof outputs
- Reverse connection protection (at U_B= 10 ... 30 V DC)
- Resolution up to 5000 ppr
- High shaft load

• 🕼 available as explosion proof zone 2 and 22

Mechanical characteristics:

Speed:
Rotor moment of inertia:
Starting torque:
Radial load capacity of shaft*:
Axial load capacity of shaft:*:
Weight:
Protection acc. to EN 60 529:
Working temperature:
Operating temperature:
Shaft:
Shock resistance acc. to DIN-IEC 68-2-27
Vibration resistance acc. to IEC 68-2-6:

max. 12000 min⁻¹ approx. 1.8 x 10⁻⁶ kgm² < 0.01 Nm 80 N 40 N approx. 0.4 kg IP 65 -20 °C ... +105 °C¹⁾ -20 °C ... +110 °C¹⁾ stainless steel 1000 m/s², 6 ms 100 m/s², 10 ... 2000 Hz

Pulse rates available at short notice:

10, 20, 25, 30, 50, 60, 100, 120, 125, 127, 150, 180, 200, 216, 240, 250, 254, 256, 300, 314, 360, 375, 400, 500, 512, 600, 625, 720, 745, 750, 762, 800, 900, 927, 1000, 1024, 1250, 1270, 1400, 1500, 1800, 2000, 2048, 2250, 2400, 2500, 3000, 3600, 4000, 4096, 5000

Other pulse rates on request

Electrical characteristics:								
Output circuit:	RS 422 (TTL-compatible)	Push-pull						
Supply voltage:	5 V (±5%) or 10 30 V DC 10 30 V DC							
Power consumption (no load)	-	typ. 55 mA /						
without inverted signal:		max. 125 mA						
Power consumption (no load)	typ. 40 mA /	typ. 80 mA/						
with inverted signals:	max. 100 mA	max.150						
Permissible load/channel:	max. ±20 mA	max. ±30 mA						
Pulse frequency:	max. 300 kHz	max. 300 kHz						
Signal level high:	min. 2.5 V	min. U _B -2.5 V						
Signal level low:	max. 0.5 V	max. 2.0 V						
Rise time t _r	max. 200 ns	max. 1 μs						
Fall time t _f	max. 200 ns	max. 1 μs						
Short circuit proof outputs: ¹)	yes ²⁾	yes						
Reverse connection protection at UB:	5 V: no	yes						
	10 30 V: yes							
Conforms to CE requirements acc. to EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-4 and EN 61000-6-3								

* View also diagrams on page 25 1) Non-condensing

If supply voltage correctly applied
 Only one channel allowed to be shorted-out:

(If UB=5 V, short-circuit to channel, 0 V, or +UB is permitted) (If UB=5-30 V, short-circuit to channel or 0 V is permitted)

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Terminal assignment

Signal:	0V	0V	+U _B	+U _B	А	Ā	В	B	0	Ū	Shield
		Sensor ²⁾		Sensor ²⁾							
12 pin plug Pin:	10	11	12	2	5	6	8	1	3	4	PH ¹⁾
7 pin plug Pin:	F	-	D	E	А	-	В	-	С	-	G
10 pin plug, Pin:	F	-	D	E	А	G	В	Н	С	I	J
Cable colour:	WH	WH	BN	BN	GN	YE	GY	PK	BU	RD	
	0.5 mm ²		0.5 mm ²								

PH = Shield is attached to connector housing
 Sensor cables are connected to the supply voltage internally if

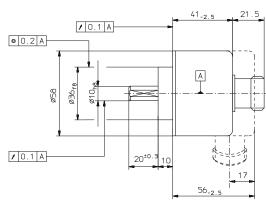
long feeder cables are involved they can be used to adjust or control the voltage at the encoder

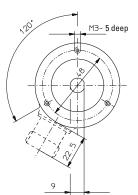
 If sensor cables are not in use, they have to be insulated or 0 V_{Sensor} has to be connected to 0 V and U_{BSensor} has to be connected to U_B

- Using RS 422 outputs and long cable distances, a wave impedance has to be applied at each cable end. Insulate unused outputs before initial startup.

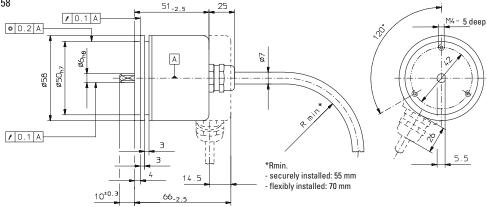
Dimensions

Clamping bracket ø 58

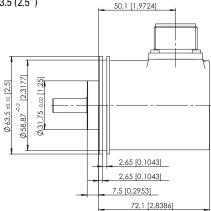


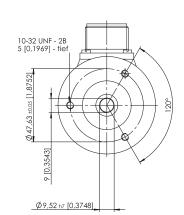


Synchronous bracket ø 58



Synchronous bracket ø 63.5 (2.5")



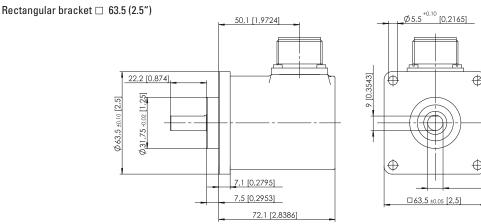


Mounting advice:

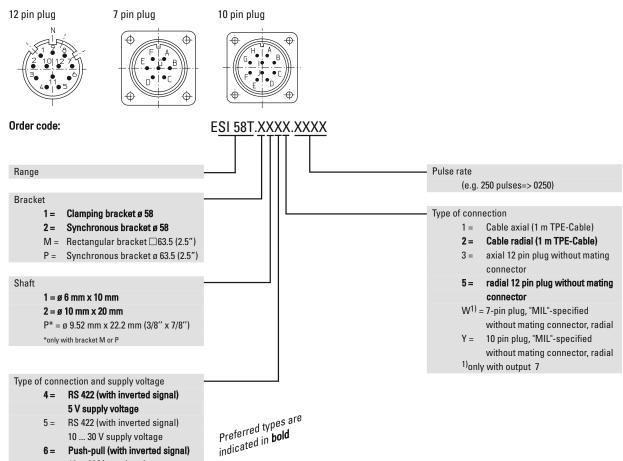
The brackets and shafts of the encoder and drive should not both be rigidly coupled together at the same time! We recommend the use of suitable couplings (see Accessories section)

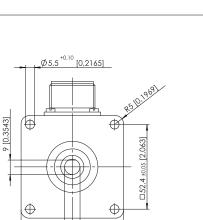
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Top view of mating side, male contact base:





Ø9,52 h7 [0,3748]

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automation components

 10 ... 30 V supply voltage

 7 =
 Push-pull (without inverted signal)

 10 ... 30 V Supply voltage